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Criminological Review Of Brawls Between Citizens (Research Study In The Jurisdiction Of The Belawan Port Police)

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Abstract

The goal of the study was to identify the causes of violent altercations between neighbors as well as challenges to and police efforts to enforce the law in fight cases under the purview of the Belawan Harbor Police. To grasp or understand the observed behavior by examining document studies utilizing various data in the form of regulations or positive norms in the linked legal system, the author utilizes a qualitative method of descriptive data in the form of written words or writings from persons. According to the study's findings, citizens who live under the jurisdiction of the Belawan Harbor Police Station frequently engage in brawls, which are influenced by criteria such as age, environment, education level, and family background. Brawls amongst residents are frequently sparked by issues of group representation, business considerations, retaliation, discord among residents, a lack of activities in the neighborhood, and police efforts to combat crimes against residents. In preventing violence such as brawls between citizens, it is hoped that legal awareness can be created, the community must avoid attitudes and conditions that can trigger fights and are expected to be able to work together both with law enforcement and other related parties.

Keywords

Crime, Public Order, Brawl

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1. Introduction

Brawl is a form of conflict or conflict, occurs between two groups that each have institutionalized values, where the brawl is realized because there is a high sense of solidarity in each group member and breaks out because there are interests violated by each party who comes from a different group, an attacking action carried out by a group of people and became phenomenal in Indonesia. Thus resulting in group disputes with one group, this explains how backwards the law in Indonesia is in terms of controlling the brawl, the interests and selfishness of the group are the main reasons for the brawl. This is contrary to the law that the Indonesian state is a country of law, a country whose administration is based on law. Until now, this brawl has not been resolved and it is the duty of law enforcement to more progressively act on the brawl problem.

Social interaction is one of the keys to social life. In the absence of an interaction between each other, it can be ascertained that there will be no common life in a society. Thus the existence of interaction can be said to be the basis of a form of socialization process, this because in the absence of social interaction, then the activity between individuals and other then cannot be referred to as interaction. If in the process of socialization in an imperfect environment, it can certainly lead to the emergence of deviant behavior that leads to social conflicts. Deviant behavior can be characterized as a form of behavior that is not in accordance with social norms in society. Meanwhile, social conflict is as a social process between two or more parties in which there is a desire to get rid of the other party by destroying. There are many kinds of social conflicts, one of which is the brawls that occur in various regions in Indonesia.

Fights between citizens carried out by individuals who encapsulate themselves in one or several groups have unique characteristics compared to other criminal acts. The peculiarities include that at the time of the fight we can witness the involvement of the mob, but when the authorities intervene, in reality only a handful of the mob of perpetrators are processed.

One form of crime that is ready to threaten and disrupt public order is brawling. The word brawl seems to be for the community, especially in Medan Belawan District, it is familiar to the ear. By and large, brawls are observed as an unjustified act. For this reason, a strong determination is needed so that children do not become part of a group that often threatens and disrupts public security and order. The Criminal Code has criminal acts that S.R. Sianturi is referred to as the criminal act of "disturbing the tranquility" which is part of the criminal acts against public order, especially namely Article 172 of the Criminal Code and Article 503 of the Criminal Code.

Criminal acts that occur in cases of brawls / mass fights are one of the prominent cases and often occur, especially in Medan Belawan sub-district as if they are an "obligation" in solving every problem related to other urban villages just because they are motivated by problems. small and due to mutual contempt, resulting in greater conflict and involving residents between villages, conflicts occur continuously as if the fire of resentment cannot be extinguished. The pain of the community who became victims due to fights/brawls between residents/villages, both casualties such as injuries or deaths as well as material losses due to looting, damage houses, burning and so on. In the case of the brawl that occurred, there were several victims who died and who were seriously injured, the destruction of several public facilities, houses, vehicles and counters was based on data obtained from several communities.

This brawl case has occurred from the past to the present, and resulted in many victims who were injured and even died. A brawl between residents of Medan Belawan Subdistrict or a brawl which means a fight involving dozens of mobs in the two villages was triggered by several incidents. First, it is a mass fight carried out by a person on the grounds of revenge by inviting or provoking other citizens to attack the klurahan he is targeting. Second, the brawl occurred because a resident was taken hostage and caused a commotion in the neighborhood. Third, because of minor problems and also residents who are affected by illegal drugs. Physical fights between citizens in the community are increasingly common. The perpetrators range from students, students, community groups who usually coexist in a certain area, which of

course causes not a few victims, both material and non-material. This problem is not a new phenomenon in several major cities in Indonesia, including Medan Belawan District, Medan City.

Based on the results of the initial search conducted by the author from local informant data, there were several cases of mass brawls/fights in 2021 and around 40-50 people were carried out in each village. This brawl was handled by the Belawan Port Resort Police by controlling the crowd and meeting with various warring parties to find a peace solution by deliberating and deliberation. Community leaders also took part in reconciling the brawl between residents. There are different ways to obtain agreement in resolving disputes, disputes or conflicts that are taking place. Dispute resolution can be immediately carried out by both parties cooperatively assisted by the competent authorities and neutral parties.

From the background above, two problems can be seen: What are the factors for the occurrence of violent brawls between residents in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Port Police seta How are the obstacles and law enforcement efforts by police officers to brawl cases in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Port Police. The objectives of this study are: To find out the factors of the occurrence of violent brawls between residents in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Seta Port Police To find out the obstacles and law enforcement efforts by police officers to cases brawl in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Port Police.

The scope of this study is a frame that illustrates the boundaries of the study, narrows the problem and limits the research area. So that this discussion does not deviate from the problem and the limited knowledge and abilities of the author, the author limits the problem of this research with the title "Criminological Review of Brawls Between Citizens (research study in the region Port Police LawBelawan)".

This study formulates three problems, namely: What are the factors for the occurrence of violent brawls between residents in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Port Police seta How are the obstacles and law enforcement efforts by police officers to brawl cases in the jurisdiction of the Belawan Port Police.

This research uses empirical juridical research, the method of approach that will be used by the author is a qualitative approach, while this research is descriptive.

2. Discussion

2.1 Factors That Cause Brawls Between Citizens

Based on the author's research, the number of fights between residents in Belawan City over the past 3 years, namely from 2020-2022, there were 1728 cases of brawls. Starting from 2020 there were 432 brawl cases, in 2021 there were 520 brawl cases and in 2022 there were 776 brawl cases. From several cases of brawls between citizens over the past 3 years, the author chose one of the cases that approached the case that the author raised, namely " Those who deliberately participate in attacks or fights where several people are involved, in addition to their respective responsibilities for what they do" related to article 358 of the Criminal Code.

Citizen brawls are crimes that are usually in big cities.

They (the community) flock/gather in crowded places (bus stops, stalls, protocol streets) ready to find their opponents, but not infrequently their target is precisely the

community that has never had a problem with one another. That in such an incident is an act of criminality or a crime that exists in this country. In criminology a person can commit a crime due to the large number of factors that exist.

In development, there are several factors trying to explain the causes of crime. From that thought, developed schools or schools in criminology. The brawl that occurs between residents in Medan Belawan sub-district is not new, this brawl is sometimes repeated. Armed with sharp weapons, wood, firecrackers and bats, they are ready to search for weapons and commit acts of violence. Brand a reasoned because of the solidarity of friendship, this is where the initial fallacy must be quickly corrected so that it does not develop into a necessity to carry out this brawl. This is as it is said that the factors that cause people to commit crimes in the way of Tawuran are factors of environmental influence, age factors, and also family and education factors that are lacking.

By sampling the case of crime by means of brawls carried out by residents of Medan Belawan sub-district, the author conducted interviews on 3 respondents involved in the brawl, namely with the same question to each respondent who committed the crime by brawling, the question was about the causal factors so that the perpetrators carried out the brawl. Respondents Ainun Mardiah age 19 years, Mariani age 43 years and M. Wahyu age 20 years are the perpetrators involved in the brawl, telling the chronology they admitted to participating in the brawl that occurred in Belawan on the grounds of old grudges and there were provocateurs who made noise due to attacks carried out by fellow residents in the area where they lived. They carried out attacks and invited or provoked other citizens to attack again. The attack was carried out using sharp weapons, wood, firecrackers and bats that resulted in one of the victims' homes.

Based on the interview, other information was also obtained from several informants, namely the head of the environment around belawan happy village, that indeed often Belawan residents carry out brawls not 1 or 2 times or even many times. Today in lerai tomorrow they counterattacked. All the arrested perpetrators were taken to the village office and given directions, but it seemed as if they would not listen and the brawl happened again. According to the next informant, the victim, gave a statement that the house occupied by the victim was often the target of community brawls, hit by throwing glass bottles, stones and burning with firecrackers thrown by the perpetrators of the brawl.

Of the several factors that have been described above, the main factor is environmental factors. Environmental factors that are not good will make the community become bad. Violence that is often seen will form violence in the minds of society, thus making society anarchist. Within the same community environment, it is also possible that cultural differences occur, because the environmental cultures that raise are certainly not the same. Thus the existence of these two things has an influence on the character of society. One of the destructive properties of man is, violence. In a broader sense the concept of violence encompasses all forms of action that can get in the way a person to realize his potential (*self-realization*) and develop his personality (*personal growth*), which are the two most basic types of human rights and values.

2.2 Obstacles and Law Enforcement Efforts by Police Officers to Brawl Cases

According to the Belawan Port Police, there are still many cases of brawls between residents that have not had time to take data because the average brawl case is

resolved by diversion (familiially) because some cases are still taken for granted by the authorities and most of the perpetrators are teenagers and minors so they are usually resolved on the spot (*Diversion*) effectively.

On a deeper level, conflict can worsen a relationship and cause a rift in relationships. The negative impact of mass conflicts such as fights between school students in the form of psychological impacts is a state of trauma, their psychiatric condition is in a very miserable state, as a result of feeling panic, trauma, and being choked in fear. And the sociological impact of the fight is first physical losses such as injuries and even deaths. Secondly, the destruction of public facilities and public facilities and private facilities glass houses, glass shops and private vehicles, The impact of this brawl also has a very big impact. Impact itself is something that is possible to have very many consequences or causes that make something happen, whether it is something that makes something happen, both positive and negative. The negative impacts of conflict are many and varied. Conflict can cause deep soul misery. A relationship that offers bright opportunities for both parties may turn bad because the conflict is not controlled by the disruption of the educational process.

Regarding the efforts made by law enforcement officials in tackling crimes more specifically against fights committed by residents. In this regard, the author obtained explanations and interviews that mentioned the effort, among others: a. Conducting counseling to communities b. Placing police or security personnel to prevent a brawl c. Coordinating by the village or the head of the ward. Provide understanding to the community so as not to let their family members roam e. Formed PELTONDAMAS (Community Control Forces) of the police force.

Based on what the experts have stated above, it can be concluded that preventing something untoward from happening is much better than restoring the impact of what happened. These efforts include: a. Legal counseling by the police team to the community both formal and non-formal. In collaboration with local governments, agencies, NGOs, and communities. The themes that are usually raised are Drugs, the dangers of Miras, the dangers of Brawls and crimes in general. b. Placing police officers in places that are considered vulnerable or crowded such as cafes, stalls, internet cafes, other hangouts (which are suspected to be places where they often visit). c. Conducting mobile patrols up to 3 times a day in brawl-prone neighborhoods or coordinating neighborhood chiefs to prevent people from wandering with bad intentions. d. Fielding a team to perform a series of investigation tasks. Establish guard posts in every place deemed necessary in order to maintain the stability of residents' security.

Of the several cases of fights between residents in 2019-2022 that occurred in Belawan City. No case is resolved through litigation. This is because the process of resolving fights between residents is more of an effort to resolve through extrajudicial channels such as peace by means of familial settlement. Therefore, the warring parties are expected to exercise restraint, be cooperative and give true testimony. Efforts made by police officers must continue to be improved to prevent fights between residents considering that the impact or consequences of such actions are very detrimental and troubling to the entire local community.

The impact of this brawl is insecurity, worry and fear of carrying out activities around Belawan village. In addition to this, another impact that is most worried about is the children who are in Belawan village, especially when they witness the brawl. The brawl was very disturbing to other residents around the place where the brawl

occurred, because of the brawl, the community could not rest at night. The facilities in Belawan village, both public facilities and residents' houses at the time of the brawl, became targeted for residents who carried out the brawl, so that public facilities and residents' homes were also damaged. The disruption of the community's economy because they usually sell until late at night. However, in the event of a brawl, you can no longer sell until late at night because stone throwing is inevitable. People can only secure their goods so that they are not damaged by stone throwing. In addition to the above impacts, there are also physical impacts experienced by residents, one of the residents had to be amputated in his leg, many victims were injured due to stone throwing and bow arrows that were used as the second weapon during the brawl.

Then in siskamling activities that most know is just a night ronda. The residents rarely do night ronda due to the uncooperative situation and environmental conditions so this activity reduces the enthusiasm of residents for siskamling, only a few Ward heads do night ronda. There needs to be an environmental security system that needs to be addressed as carried out by Razia on every group of youth who gathers at night, and is limited to night exit hours. Because this is very encouraging for young groups to carry out fights in revenge.

The efforts carried out in this easing need to be aware of citizens to obey decisions but resentment and distrust are still the seeds that give rise to new conflicts. Coupled with the problem that differences of opinion can trigger conflicts, so there is a need for re-mixing. This activity was carried out before this incident of fighting such as repairing joint roads, sports matches but after this incident it needs to be encouraged again so that the misunderstanding that causes conflict can be controlled so that it does not cause large losses either in terms of property or casualties. In his view, the brawl that occurred in Belawan was not unequivocal by the police in cracking down on the perpetrators of the brawl. However, the problem of economic factors and social inequality that has not been optimally felt by the north coastal communities of Medan City.

For this reason, the resolution of the conflict must be resolved jointly by building synergy in the ranks of the government in Medan City. Belawan is an economic sector. In fact, the people there cannot enjoy and take advantage of the economy, such as jobs and development development. So, what happened in Belawan was a social conflict that caused the people there to build a culture of brawl as their demand. If economic progress can be realized, automatically empowered people will maintain security and order by itself.

3. Conclusion

After conducting research, it can be concluded that the brawl carried out by residents in the jurisdiction of the Belawan port police is caused by several factors, including: age factors, environmental factors, educational factors and family factors. The factors causing the brawl between residents are usually because there is a sense of offense between group members, lack of activities in the surrounding environment. The efforts made by police officers in tackling violent crimes such as brawls between citizens are: The Pre-emptive Method is an effort or effort to prevent crime from the beginning or early on, which is carried out by the police where the action is more psychic or moral in nature to invite or appeal to the community to obey every applicable norm. Preventive Methods are efforts made with the aim of preventing the emergence of crime with control and supervision measures, or creating a conducive atmosphere to reduce and

further suppress so that crime does not develop in the midst of society.

It is hoped that the community must always maintain social relations so that social interaction runs well without any factors that trigger the crime of brawling that occurs in society. In an effort to crack down on violent crimes such as brawls between citizens, not only carried out by the police and community institutions, it should involve district courts which also have an important role in tackling crime.

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